

FOCH IS TO NEGOTIATE WITH GERMANS ABOUT USE OF DANZIG PORT

**Vested With Full Powers By
the Allied Peace Confer-
ence, He Will Leave Paris
To-night for Spa to Enter
Into Discussion With Ma-
thias Erzberger.**

TO KEEP CONSTANTLY IN TOUCH WITH PARIS

**In the Meantime the Inter-
allied Shipping Commis-
sion Has Completed Prepa-
rations to Transport Po-
lish Troops to Danzig, the
Place of Dispute.**

Paris, April 1 (Havas).—Marshal Foch will leave Paris to-night for Spa to meet Matthias Erzberger to discuss with him the allied demand that Polish troops be permitted to use the port of Danzig. The marshal has received full powers to negotiate with the German representatives. He will be in constant communication with the council of four.

The inter-allied shipping commission has completed preparations to transport the Polish troops to Danzig.

WILSON IS READY TO TAKE PART BLAME

**For the Delays of the Peace Conference
—Slowness Not Due to Any Single
Country or Its Representatives.**

Paris, April 1.—President Wilson to-day explained that he was willing to accept his share of responsibility for the peace conference delays. He was careful to point out that the slowness of the negotiations was not due to any single country or its representatives.

HUNGARIAN REVOLT A GERMAN SCHEME

**In Conjunction With Count Karalyi, the
Plotters Had Aimed the Weapon
Directly Against the Allies.**

Paris, April 1. (Havas).—Documents in possession of the French and Rumanian governments, the newspapers say, prove that the advent of the communist regime in Hungary was due largely to a manoeuvre of Count Karalyi in collaboration with the German government. The movement was aimed directly at the allied powers, it is added.

Paris, March 31. (By the Associated Press).—Reports to the French foreign office indicate that the Hungarian revolution was staged largely to test the strength of will of the entente powers and was designed to frighten them with the idea that Germany also might rapidly disintegrate.

REIGN OF TERROR.

**Said to Have Been Set Up in Budapest
by Communists.**

Prague, Sunday, March 30.—The communists have set up a reign of terror in Budapest, according to M. Krm, a member of the Czech-Slovak mission to Budapest, who returned here to-day. The stocks of food in the Hungarian capital are sufficient for only ten days and only 300 head of cattle are coming into the city daily instead of the normal 3,500. Famine is feared, while the coal situation also is grave.

The population of Budapest, M. Krm adds, hopes for intervention by the allies.

CRUEL APRIL FOOL JOKE.

**Someone Started the Story That Col.
House Said Treaty Had Been Signed.**

Paris, April 1.—Someone started a story this morning that Colonel E. M. House had announced that the peace treaty had been signed. The report rapidly spread all over Paris and the telephone wires to the American headquarters in the Hotel de Crillon became hot with inquiries as to the truth of the rumor.

It did not take long, however, for inquirers to realize the character of the report when they were reminded that to-day was April 1.

STILL BOMBARDING LEMBERG.

**Ukrainian Artillery Firing Poison Shells
Into the City.**

Warsaw, Monday, March 31 (Havas).—The bombardment of Lemberg continues, the Ukrainian artillery firing poison gas shells into the city.

At a conference held on March 27 between allied delegates and representatives of the Polish and Ukrainian armies, the Ukrainians refused to enter into negotiations while the Poles were present. The negotiations were interrupted to give the Polish delegates time to consult their government.

LLOYD GEORGE TO STAY

**Until the Questions in Paris Are Ad-
justed.**

Paris, April 1 (Havas).—Notwithstanding the delay in reaching an agreement on the preliminary peace treaty, Premier Lloyd George, the Paris edition of the London Daily Mail says, does not intend to return to England before the questions are adjusted in spite of his desire to attend the closing meeting of the British labor conference.

BLOCKADE NOT ALL RAISED.

**It Was Taken from German-Austria, But
Not from Hungary.**

London, April 1.—Regarding a report published in the morning newspapers

that the blockade of the central powers had been raised generally last week, the blockade department of the foreign office explains that the blockade was lifted from German-Austria, but not Hungary. In the case of the Adriatic, the allies raised the blockade some time ago, but the Italian naval blockade remained in force until a few days ago.

As far as Germany is concerned, it was added, the blockade has been changed to the extent of sending food supplies there under allied control.

AMERICAN TROOPS COMING FROM ITALY

**The 332d Infantry is Composed Largely
of Draft Men From Ohio and
Western Pennsylvania.**

New York, April 1.—The Italian consul general here announced today that he had received an official message from Rome stating that the 332d infantry, composed largely of draft men from Ohio and western Pennsylvania now is on its way home.

Most of the units of the regiment will arrive here, the cable states, on the steamships Canopic and Duca d'Aosta, due April 14 and 15. It is probable that a third detachment will be on board the steamship Duca d'Aosta. The 332d regiment, which was part of the eighty-third depot division, fought with the Italian army against Austria in the closing months of the war.

SPURN AMERICAN RULE.

**British Samoan Chiefs Had Asked It
Only Because Displaced With British.**

Tutuila, American Samoa, March 31.—British Samoan chiefs withdrew to-day their petition requesting transfer to American rule. They expressed dissatisfaction only with conditions under Col. Logan, former British administrator. Col. Tate, his successor, conciliated them and gained their confidence.

Native chiefs of western Samoa, under British rule, were reported early in March as dissatisfied with the British administration. They were represented as favoring a transfer of the islands of Upolu and Savaii to American jurisdiction. The agitation followed the influenza epidemic, which exacted a heavy toll of lives in the British section, but did not reach the American territory, which was quarantined against it with great strictness.

CAPTURE ALLEGED

**Of Three Men Who Perpetrated \$50,000
Robbery at Kenosha, Wis.**

Kenosha, Wis., April 1.—The police department received a report to-day that three men who killed Police Officer Pingatzer and then robbed the American Brass company's office of securities valued at \$50,000 Sunday night, had been captured, together with the booty. The capture was said to have been effected at McHenry, Illinois, and the report was made over long distance telephone by a Kenosha police officer who had been pursuing the bandits.

Another report, however, declared that the three men arrested at McHenry had given an account of their whereabouts which led the McHenry police authorities to doubt their complicity in the crime.

U. S. REST CAMP CLOSED.

**About 700,000 American Soldiers Had
Passed Through It.**

Winchester, Eng., April 1.—The American rest camp here, through which 700,000 men had passed since the United States entered the war, was closed to-day. The departing American troops were given an enthusiastic send-off on entraining for Liverpool. During their march they were halted at the Guild hall where the mayor and city officials tendered them an official farewell.

RESUME TRADE WITH POLAND.

**U. S. War Trade Board Announced
Communication.**

Washington, D. C., April 1.—The war trade board announced to-day the resumption of trade with Poland and Rumania, one of the four Baltic provinces in northwest Russia.

Action by the board permitting persons in the United States to trade and communicate freely with the two countries, the announcement said, was taken concurrently with the associated governments and followed a decision reached in Paris.

Shipment of commodities to Poland should be routed via Danzig, the announcement said. The allies are believed to have the situation relative to Danzig so well in hand that shipments through the German port may be made with safety.

ROMANONES TO QUIT.

**Just as Soon as Quiet is Restored in
Spanish Industries.**

Madrid, April 1.—With the industrial situation improving everywhere, it is understood that as soon as quiet is restored in the country, Romanones will hand his resignation to the king. It is believed probable that the king will ask the premier to remain in office in view of the success with which he settled the strikes throughout the country without serious disorders.

STRIKE AVERTED.

**Among Dredgers and Drillers on Great
Lakes Projects.**

Detroit, Mich., April 1.—A threatened strike of members of five organizations of marine workers, having to do with dredging and drilling operations on the Great Lakes, set for today, has been averted temporarily at least, it was announced here this morning, by agreement to submit differences over working conditions to a national adjustment commission. The adjustment commission, it was stated, will meet at Buffalo or Cleveland at a date to be fixed later.

GETS U. S. APPROVAL BEFORE LEASING LAND

**California-Mexico Land and Cattle Co.
Will Not Let Japanese Get Hold of
Property Until State Depart-
ment Agrees.**

Los Angeles, Cal., April 1.—Supplementing his denial last night that the California-Mexico Land and Cattle Co., which owns and operates a tract of 830,000 acres in Lower California, contemplated any leases or other arrangements with Japanese that were not first approved by the state department at Washington, Harry Chandler, president of the company, said to-day that his company had submitted a bill of \$513,000 for loss of cattle, horses and other supplies in the Madero revolution.

"We have had no difficulty with the government of Lower California since Estaban Lantu came there as military chief and remained in civil authority," said Mr. Chandler, "but in revolutionary days it was a different story. After the Madero revolution, when there were a number of small revolutionary chiefs through that section, the cavalry was mounted on our horses, the cavalrymen were riding on our saddles, the wagon trains were using our wagons, and generally they took what they fancied. We submitted a bill for \$513,000 for loss of cattle, horses and other supplies in the Madero revolution and the bill is still in process of adjustment with the Mexican government."

JAMES SPOHR SOUGHT AS SPY FOR GERMANY

**Sec. Baker Has Approved Request of
British Authorities That They Be
Permitted to Arrest Him
for Treason.**

Washington, D. C., April 1.—Secretary Baker has approved a request of the British military authorities in Turkey that they be permitted to arrest, on charges of treason, James Spohr, a naturalized American citizen, and his wife, declared officials here to be "closely associated with the head of the German spy system in Palestine and among British Indian subjects."

EVERY "Y. D." MAN INVITED.

**To Take Part in the Great Parade in
Boston Next Month.**

Boston, April 1.—An invitation to every member and former member of the Yankee division to participate in the parade with which the division will be welcomed home was issued yesterday by the state and military officials in charge.

The New England division of the American Red Cross, it is stated, will pay for the transportation of all wounded officers and enlisted men still in the service and stationed in New England and will care for them while here. All other officers and men are expected to pay their own transportation if they can do so, but the New England states have been asked to provide for the transportation of those men who are unable to pay for it themselves.

The Connecticut delegation which will welcome the men of the 26th from that state yesterday requested the use of a steamer to take them down the harbor. Mayor James A. White of Waterbury sent word that a delegation from that city would be here to greet companies A, G, and H of the 102d infantry.

In a telegram from the adjutant general of the army, received at northeastern department headquarters yesterday, the units aboard the transport Mount Vernon, which is due here April 4, are given the following: Division headquarters detachment and headquarters troop division mail company; headquarters 52d brigade, 101st engineers, less company C; 101st engineers train; 104th infantry. All will be sent to Camp Devens and the units held in service until after the parade. Provision is made, however, that men living outside New England, who desire immediate discharge, may be forwarded from Camp Devens to the camps nearest their homes.

As a guard of honor for the division during the parade, and to assist in maintaining order among the crowds, a force of 5,000 soldiers, sailors and members of the state guard will be called out.

NO DEBS STRIKE.

**Officers of One Mine Workers' Union Said
Plans Were Not Started.**

Terre Haute, Ind., April 1.—William Mitch, secretary-treasurer of district No. 11, United Mine Workers, gave out a statement this morning, denying any plans for a protest strike by miners of this district against the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs. The matter has not been before the executive board, according to Mitch, and any report of a contemplated strike is without authority of the mine workers' officials.

SHIP LISTED BADLY.

**When Towed Into Port at Halifax—Cir-
culation Pump Damaged.**

Halifax, N. S., April 1.—The American steamship Jason, which sailed from New York March 22 for Havre, France, was towed in here to-day by the British steamship Bayona. The circulation pump of the Jason was damaged several days ago and she had a bad list when she reached here.

TALK OF THE TOWN

James K. Pirie of Graniteville received a card yesterday from his son, Private Grover C. Pirie, with a stamp, mark of Germany. He states that he has received no mail since his departure from America. This may be accounted for by the fact that neither the Red Cross nor the war department could locate him. His parents have written to him daily and not until two weeks ago did they know his whereabouts. The card contained very little news but informed his parents that he was in the northern part of Germany and in good health. It was the first information to reach them for eight months. He was a member of the 32d division and is probably a prisoner of war.

PACKERS FREED OF RESTRAINT

**Are Released From Control
By the U. S. Food Ad-
ministration**

BY PROCLAMATION BY PRES. WILSON

**Cablegram From Herbert
Hoover Told of the
Action**

Washington, D. C., April 1.—All meat packers were released to-day from food administration control.

Under a proclamation signed by President Wilson at Paris, effective to-day, "all persons, firms, corporations or associations engaged in importing, manufacturing, including packing, storing or distribution of fresh, canned or cured beef, pork, mutton or lamb," are released from license by the food administration.

It was stated at the food administration that the president's action released packers from supervision of every kind exercised by the food administration, including restrictions upon margins of profit.

A cablegram from Herbert Hoover at Paris notified food administration officials of the proclamation.

LIVESTOCK DEALERS NOT FREED.

**They Are Still Subject to U. S. Govern-
ment License.**

Chicago, April 1.—At the United States bureau of markets here, it was pointed out that the removal of restrictions on packers' products to-day applied directly to dealings in packing house products and not directly to the purchase or sale of livestock. All dealers in livestock are still subject to government license. This license is from the bureau of markets of the United States department of agriculture.

FAVOR ARBITRATION BUT KEEP UP PICKETING

**Textile Workers at Lawrence, Mass., Are
Ready to Accept Henry B. Endicott
As Arbitrator.**

Lawrence, Mass., April 1.—The striking textile workers who last night announced their readiness to submit their demands to arbitration by Henry B. Endicott, to-day resumed the picketing of mill gates and approaches.

None of the mill officials here to-day would say that he favored the proposed reference to Mr. Endicott as arbitrator of the demands of the strikers for 34 hours' pay on the 48-hour schedule. The strike commission was also without word from Mr. Endicott as to whether he would act.

Picketing this morning was marked by one arrest, that of a man charged with loitering. The police received reports of two instances in which the homes of mill workers were stoned during the night. No one was hurt.

Extension of the strike in a small way to the building trades developed when 50 men employed in the construction of an addition to the Washington mill quit work, demanding a wage increase of 20 per cent.

RAILROAD BONDS OFFERED.

**Block of \$200,000,000 at Five Per Cent.
Go on Sale Wednesday.**

Washington, D. C., April 1.—To provide funds for railroads and to meet obligations arising from the war, the war finance corporation acting under authority of the act creating it will offer for sale to-morrow \$200,000,000 in bonds.

The issue is the first to be offered under the war finance corporation act which authorizes a total bond issue of \$2,100,000,000.

The bonds, which will be sold through federal reserve and agent banks, will bear interest at five per cent, mature one year from to-day and will be exempt from all state and federal taxes except excess profits, inheritance estate and duties. The bonds will be in denominations of \$1,000.

LIEUT.-COL. S. J. B. SCHINDEL

**Assigned to Inspect New England Mil-
itary College.**

Washington, D. C., April 1.—Assignment of general staff officers to make the annual inspection of military departments of educational institutions at which regular army officers are on duty were announced today by the war department.

Colonel John B. Douglas was detailed to Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia; Lieutenant Colonel S. J. Bayard Schindel to New England states generally and New York.

WILLIAMSTOWN

Irving W. Bates of East Barre was in town yesterday on business.

Miss Ruth Martin returned home yesterday from Mary Fletcher hospital, Burlington, where she went for training in nursing several weeks ago. She was able to finish the first three months' course in two months and does not intend to return to the hospital at present.

Miss Myrtle Hutchinson is visiting her sister, Mrs. Claude Hopkins, in Brookfield.

William Neal Roberts, who enlisted as apprentice seaman in the navy in November, 1917, and has since earned three promotions, has been discharged from the U. S. service at his request, the same taking effect March 19. He has for some time been in the electrical branch of the service and of late has been instructor in the radio school at Cambridge, Mass. This school has now been discontinued, the reserves discharged and such of the regulars as requested it. Mr. Roberts has accepted a position with a publishing house, with his home for the present will be at Jamaica Plain, Boston.

Rev. William N. Roberts goes today to attend conference at St. Albans, having been a member for many years.

Miss Vera Gale, now of Barre, is spending her vacation in town.

ROOT'S IDEAS ACCEPTABLE

**American Peace Conference
Delegates Look on Them
With Favor**

WOULD PUT THEM IN LEAGUE COVENANT

**According to a Legal Special-
ist Associated With
Americans**

Paris, April 1.—Commenting on the six amendments to the covenant of the league of nations suggested by Elihu Root, it was stated to-day by one of the legal specialists associated with the American peace conference delegates that he believed all the amendments were acceptable to the American delegation.

OWNERSHIP OF PIANO.

**Basis for Suit in Washington County
Court.**

The trial of the case of Hallett and Davis Piano company vs. R. G. Robinson bids fair to be a short one in Washington county court; in fact, the defense commenced putting in testimony Monday afternoon. The jury was empaneled in a short time. It was composed of James Erwin, Waterville, G. H. Tracy, Northfield, W. Suore, Plainfield, F. E. Currier, Cabot, R. A. Silver, Northfield, John W. Ryan, Montpelier, Fred Carson, East Montpelier, S. R. Kennedy, Waterbury, Lee Short, Marshfield, D. S. Holt, Calais, and C. H. Bill, Woodbury.

The case is over the possession of a piano which the plaintiff claims is worth \$200, although the defense has placed testimony to show it was not worth so much. A. M. Rossi testified as to the note and a lien on the piano, and A. O. Clement, traveling auditor of the plaintiff, testified as to the ownership of the piano at the time of the transaction in 1915, claiming that Hallett and Davis owned the piano.

Mr. Robinson was then on the stand for some time. He testified as to the transaction by which he obtained the piano from G. Rossi upon having bought a note.

W. C. Johnson testified that Mr. Robinson paid the note at the People's National Bank August 17, 1915, and that it was signed by A. A. Sargent, G. and A. M. Rossi; A. A. Sargent testified to investigating the city clerk's records before he signed the note loaning G. Rossi money and that there was no lien or mortgage recorded relative to the piano. The Monday afternoon session finished with Mr. Sargent on the witness stand.

Arguments were made the latter part of the morning in the piano case, and this case will be followed by that of Wright vs. McGuire. This is a case of tort.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Mrs. W. E. Gilbert has returned from a four weeks' stay in Montreal. At Mrs. Shepard & Co., Inc., you will find a beautiful line of Madame Irene corsets. Corsets fitted.

Dr. Fanny Carlton, osteopath of St. Johnsbury, returned to that village after spending the week-end with friends in Barre.

Regular meeting of Bright Star Rebekah lodge, No. 18, Wednesday evening, April 2, at 8 o'clock. Work. Refreshments served.

Mrs. E. L. Stanton has returned to her home in Enosburg Falls, after visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stanley H. Marsh, at Sunnyside farm.

Mrs. William Bailey of Elm street, after a few days' visit with her husband, who is employed in Hartford, Conn., has returned to her home.

Miss Vivian Marston has gone to Burlington for a few days' stay with friends but will return to her home before leaving for Smith college.

Mrs. Kenneth Macrae has gone to Athol, Mass., to visit her husband, formerly manager of the Union Dry Goods company, until Saturday of this week.

Henry C. Whitaker of the Monumental News, Chicago, arrived here last night and will visit among the granite manufacturers during the next two weeks.

"Say, are you coming to the sugar social at the Baptist church?" "When?" "Wednesday evening, 7 o'clock. New maple sugar, home-made doughnuts and pickles, all for 25c." "I'll be there,"—adv.

Wilbur Erickson, a senior of the University of Vermont, came to Barre yesterday to call on a few of his old schoolmates and expects to remain for several days.

The Bijou theatre on Pearl street was closed down yesterday afternoon, as the films for the day did not arrive until 5:30. The evening performance was given as usual.

Robert Doyle has accepted a position with the Union Dry Goods company as window trimmer. Mr. Doyle's home is in Montpelier, but for the past nine months he has been employed at the above occupation for the Woolworth company on Broadway, New York city.

Capt. C. N. Barber of Barre and formerly a member of the faculty of Norwich university, was visiting in this city yesterday, having recently returned from France where he was stationed with the American expeditionary forces for several months. Capt. Barber was largely instrumental in forming the headquarters company of the old First Vermont in Barre and went with it to Fort Ethan Allen and then to the various camps to which it was sent prior to its embarkation in September, 1918. He went across as captain of the 57th Pioneer regiment, which was largely made up of Vermont men. On arriving in France the unit was broken up and the men sent to various places shortly before the armistice was signed. For several months Captain Barber has been stationed at St. Nazaire, as assistant to the adjutant at the post of embarkation. He returned to this country March 20 and went to Camp Lee, Va., where he obtained a 40-day furlough. He is passing a few days at Northfield, where Mrs. Barber has been spending the time during his absence, and he will then return to camp where he expects to receive his discharge in about a month.

A FAREWELL RECEPTION TO RETIRING PASTOR

**A Large Number of Friends Both in and
Out of the Presbyterian Church
Participated Last Evening.**

A public reception in honor of Rev. and Mrs. Edgar Crossland was given in the Presbyterian church last evening, at which a large number of friends, both in and outside the church, including several of the ministers of the city, came to join in a farewell to the pastor and his wife. The early part of the evening was given over to a short program in the auditorium. A piano solo by William Morrison, vocal solo by Misses Nellie Slova and Alice Walker and a reading by Ruth Armstrong were all very much enjoyed. The company then went to the vestry, where a social time was indulged in.

At this stage Mrs. Crossland was presented two silver bread trays, gifts from the ladies' union, in recognition of her work in that body and as a token of the esteem in which she is held by the women of the church. Mrs. Crossland responded fittingly. If she was taken by surprise, even more surprised was Mr. Crossland when Rev. J. B. Reardon, representing the ministers, presented him a sum of money as a testimony of the love and devotion they held for him. Mr. Crossland extended to the ministers his sincere thanks and recounted the pleasure he had derived from the fellowship, especially in the Monday club. He gave them invitations to visit him in his new home in Mattapan, Mass., when they should be in that locality.

Among others who testified to the esteem in which Mr. Crossland is held was Rev. B. J. Lehigh, of the Baptist church, a near neighbor. He spoke of close relationship with Mr. Crossland and of his willingness to grant favors at any and all times and he hoped for both people and ministers a pastor who could measure up to the one leaving. Rev. E. L. Goodspeed of the Congregational church said that in the short time he had known Mr. Crossland he had learned to love him and that the occasion was a sad one, in that it was a farewell party. Ensign Crawford of the Salvation Army paid his respects for the co-operation and help extended the Army in its work here. On being called again for a word, Rev. Mr. Reardon said he wished to commend the Presbyterians for the loyalty to both minister and church. In his belief they were more loyal than any other Protestant church and to this he ascribed much of the success attained by Mr. Crossland.

The last speaker to be called on was James Mackay, one of the elders of the church. He told of the extent of the work of the Presbyterian minister and of how he was revered by not only church members but by many outside the church, who had expressed in words to him their appreciation. He also credited Mr. Crossland with being the only minister whom he had known to leave a church to enter a field with less salary. The church at Mattapan pays less than does the local church; it is heavily in debt and does not furnish a manse. It is purely love of the work and his desire to spend his life for others that prompts Mr. Crossland to take the step. Mr. Mackay added that the best wishes of everyone here would go with him and that he would be equally as successful as at Barre.

Members of the ladies' union served ice cream and assorted cake, after which Mr. and Mrs. Crossland received each one personally. Although it will be some time before the household effects can be moved and placed in order, Mr. Crossland leaves to-night to take up his duties and will return later to accompany Mrs. Crossland and son to their new home. A previous engagement as Memorial day speaker at Williamstown will be carried out.

DEATH OF MRS. E. G. MAKER

**Occurred Last Evening After Illness of
Little More Than a Week.**

Mrs. Sarah G. Maker, wife of Edward G. Maker, passed away at 6:40 last evening at her home, 24 Upland avenue, after an illness which covered little more than a week. She sustained a shock last week and since that time she had been steadily failing.

Mrs. G. G. (Crook) Maker was born in Fall River, Mass., July 8, 1863, being the daughter of James Bamber Crook and Merv (Martin) Crook. She was married to Edward G. Maker Aug. 23, 1883, at Pawtucket, R. I., and they resided in that vicinity until 1899, when they came to Montpelier. They lived in that city a few years and came to Barre in 1907, since which time they had made their home here.

Besides her husband, she leaves the following children: George F. Maker of Barre, Miss Faustina Maker of Barre, Alfred S. Maker of Barre, Clifford N. Maker, of the U. S. S. Eleanor now at sea, Eugene H. P. Maker of Bristol, Conn., and Evangeline and A. Paulina Maker, both of Barre. Two sons born to Mr. and Mrs. Maker have died. She also leaves three brothers, as follows: James S. Crook of East Attleboro, Mass., Francis Crook of East Attleboro, Mass., and George I. Crook of South Boston, Mass. Two sisters and a brother of her family have died.

The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the Hedding M. E. church, Rev. B. G. Lipsky officiating. The body will be placed in the vault at Elmwood cemetery to await burial in Green Mount cemetery in Montpelier in the spring. It is requested that flowers be omitted.

Death of W. Trott King.

Bethel, April 1.—W. Trott King, a well known man, died Sunday evening.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Paul Tierney is confined to his home on South Main street by illness.

W. E. Gilbert of the Frank McWhorter store left this noon for Boston and will be absent for several days.

L. B. Wolfe, called here last Thursday by the death of Erwin Lawlis, returned today to his home in Northampton, Mass.

Edward Hamel